

Designing Reports in Access

This document provides basic techniques for designing reports in Microsoft Access.

Opening Comments about Reports

Reports are a great way to organize and present data from your Access database. Reports enable you to format your data in an attractive and informative layout for printing or viewing on screen. Reports are often used to present a big-picture overview, highlighting main facts and trends.

The data in a preview or in a printed report is static. Reports merely present the data; they do not alter the underlying data in the tables. Each time a report is opened, Access displays the most recent data.

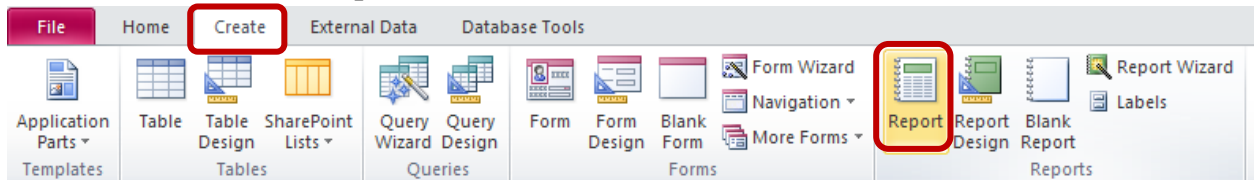
Creating a Report

Reports are created from one or more tables or queries. To use several tables, you would first create a query to retrieve data from those tables.

There are three basic ways to create a report: with a single mouse click, with the Report wizard, or in Design view.

To create a report with a single click,

1. Open the table or query upon which you want to base the report.
2. On the **Create** tab, click **Report**.



3. The report is created and displays all the fields from the underlying table or query. The Report tool may not create the final, polished product that you ultimately want, but it is quite useful as a means to quickly look at the underlying data. You can then save the report and modify it in Layout view or Design view so that it better serves your purposes.

The image shows a report preview for a table named 'Customers'. The report displays a table with the following data:

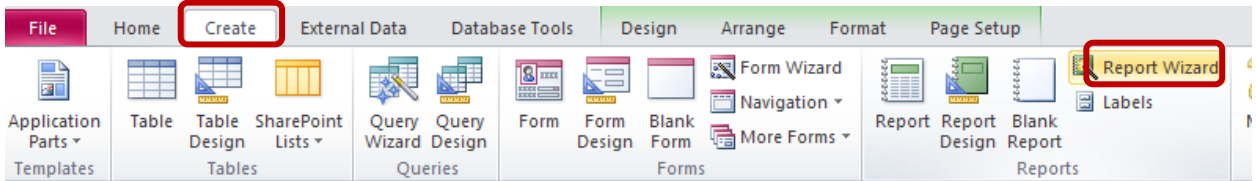
ID	Company	Last Name	First Name	Job Title
1	Company A	Bedecs	Anna	Owner
2	Company B	Gratacos Solsona	Antonio	Owner
3	Company C	Axen	Thomas	Purchasing Representative
4	Company D	Lee	Christina	Purchasing Manager
5	Company E	O'Donnell	Martin	Owner
6	Company F	Pérez-Olaeta	Francisco	Purchasing Manager
7	Company G	Xie	Ming-Yang	Owner
8	Company H	Andersen	Elizabeth	Purchasing Representative
9	Company I	Mortensen	Sven	Purchasing Manager

You can use the Report Wizard to be more selective about what fields appear on your report. You can also specify how the data is grouped and sorted, and you can use fields from more than one table or query, provided you have specified the relationships between the tables and queries beforehand.

The Report Wizard asks you questions and creates a report based on your answers. This method is best when you want to be stepped through the process of creating a report.

To create a report using the wizard,

1. On the **Create** tab, click **Report Wizard**.

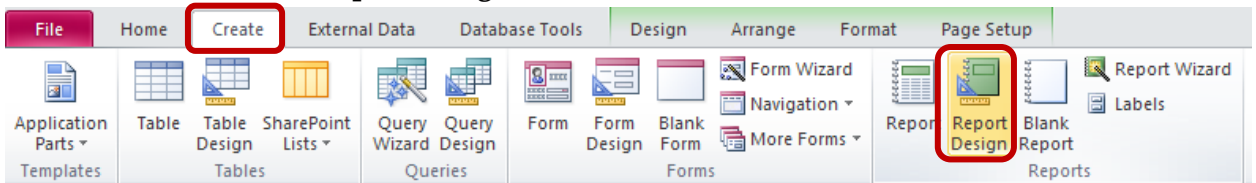


2. Follow the onscreen prompts.
3. Additional customization can be done in Design or Layout view.

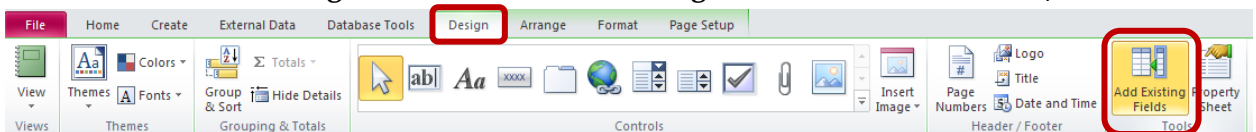
Design view gives you total freedom and control, right from the beginning. Controls can be **bound** to data from your database, displaying it directly, or they can be **unbound**, without a link to a data source (such as descriptive text, dividing lines, a logo, etc).

To create a report in Design view,

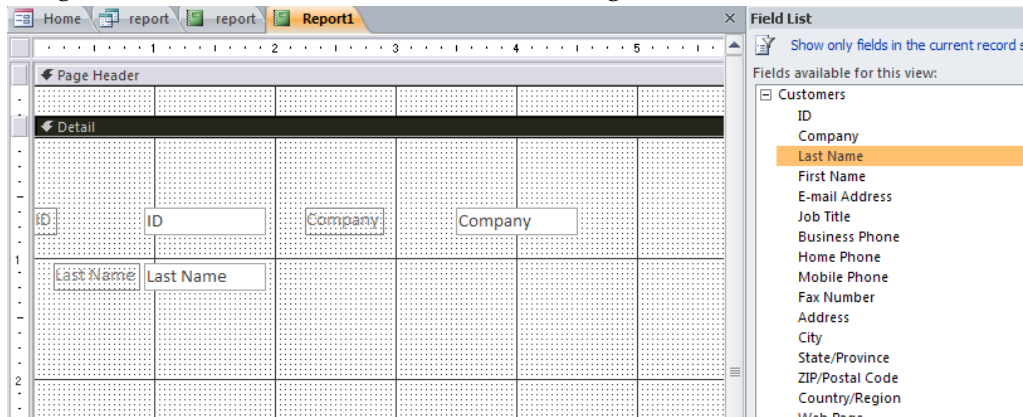
1. On the **Create** tab, click **Report Design**.



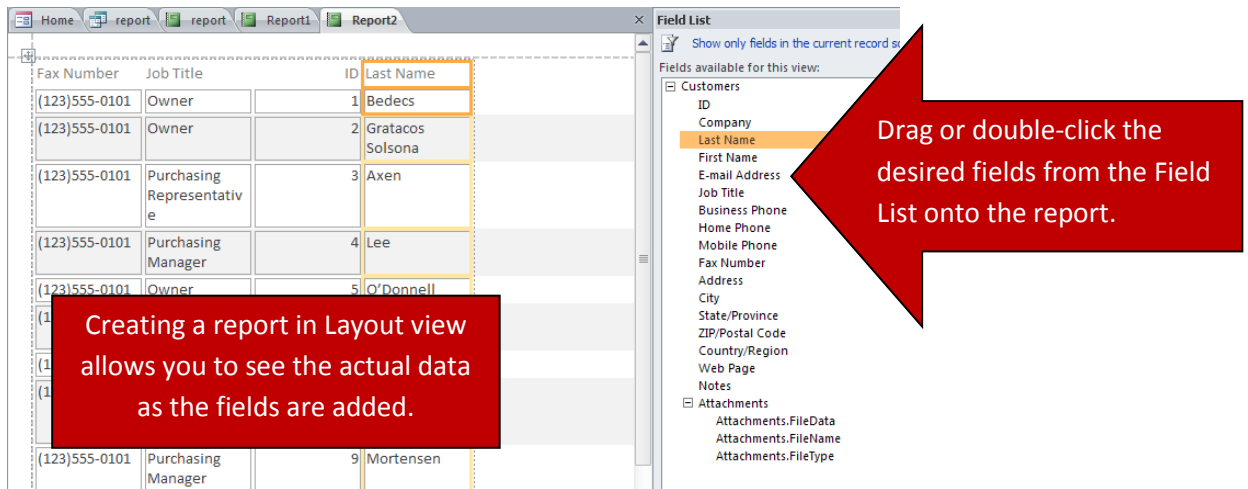
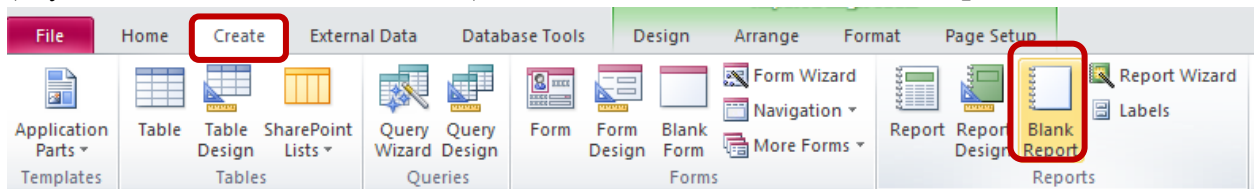
2. Click on the **Add Existing Fields** button, on the **Design** tab, to see a list of tables/fields.



3. Drag or double-click fields to add them to the grid, as desired.



4. You can also create a report from scratch in Layout view instead of Design view. (Layout view is new to Access 2007.) From the **Create** tab, click **Blank Report**.

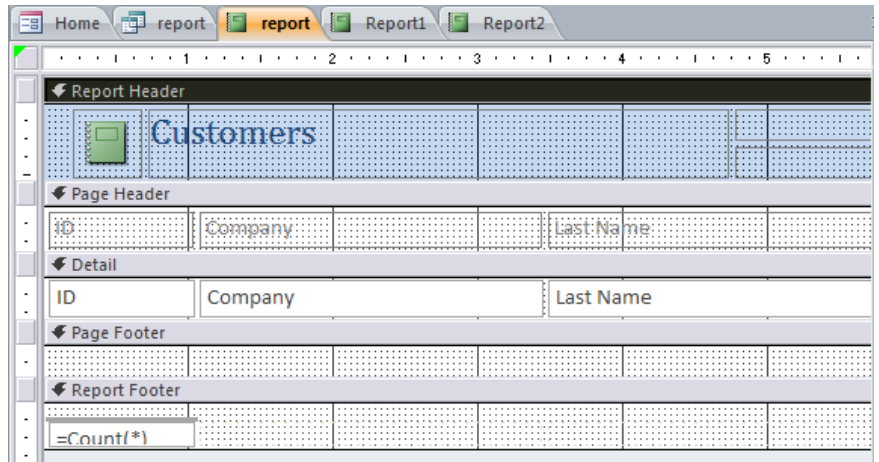


Customizing Reports

Regardless of what method is used to create the report, Design view is where you add sections, group data, set report properties to control appearance and behavior, resize parts of a report, or change report formatting.

Reports have three types of sections:

Header: The **report header** appears only once, at the beginning of the report. The topmost contents of the report (such as company name, address, and logo) belong in the report header. The **page header** appears on every page of the report. Contents that you want to appear at the top of each page, such as column names, belong in the page header.



Detail: The detail section contains most of the information in a report.

Footer: The **page footer** appears on every page. The **report footer** appears once, at the end of a report. The page footer section may contain the page number; the report footer section may contain the conclusion, such as a grand total.

When you print a report, you usually want to organize the records in a particular order. For example, if you are printing a list of suppliers, you might want to sort the records alphabetically by company name.

For many reports, you may also want to divide them into groups. Grouping allows you to separate groups of records visually and to display introductory and summary data for each group.

The Report Wizard prompts you to add groups or sort order. However, grouping and sorting can also be added later.

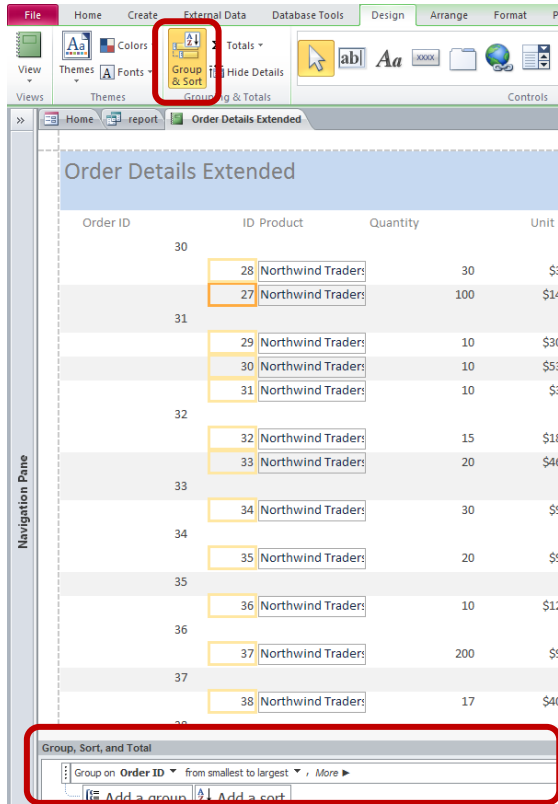
For example,

1. Let's start with this basic report listing order information.

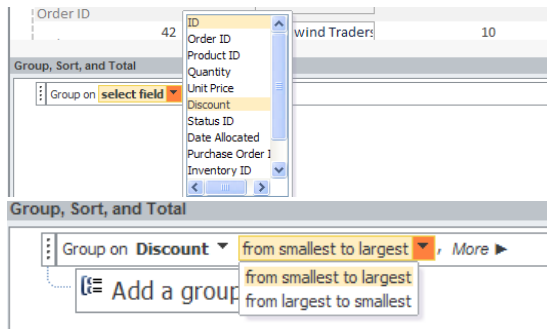
The screenshot shows a report titled 'Order Details Extended'. The report contains a table with the following data:

Order ID	ID	Product	Quantity	Unit Price
30	28	Northwind Trader	30	\$3.50
	27	Northwind Trader	100	\$14.00
31	29	Northwind Trader	10	\$30.00
	30	Northwind Trader	10	\$53.00
	31	Northwind Trader	10	\$3.50

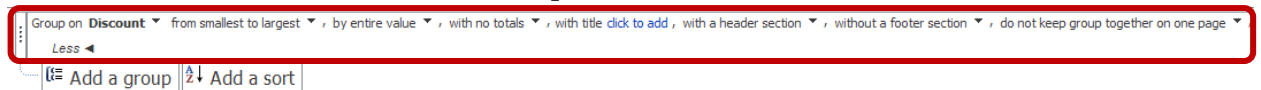
- To group the order listing by order ID, click on the **Group & Sort** button on the **Design** tab. This adds a **Group, Sort, and Total** pane at the bottom of the window.



- Click the **Add a group** button. Select the field upon which you want to group, then select a sort order.



- Click the **More** button for more detailed options.



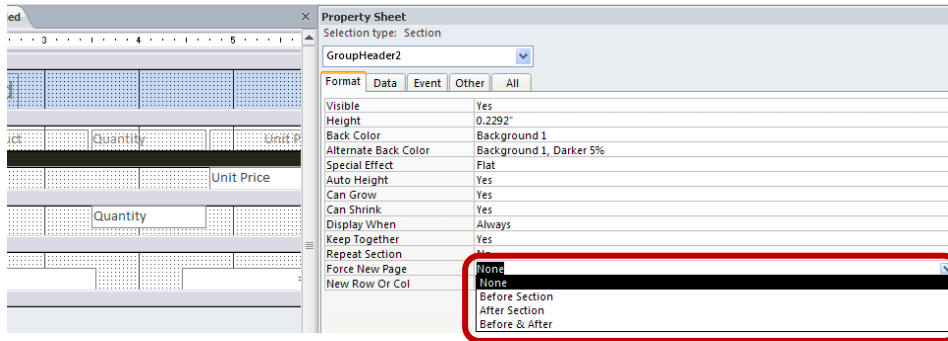
- Additional groups/sorts can be added. They can also be prioritized or deleted by using the arrow or 'X' buttons.



6. The resulting report looks like this:

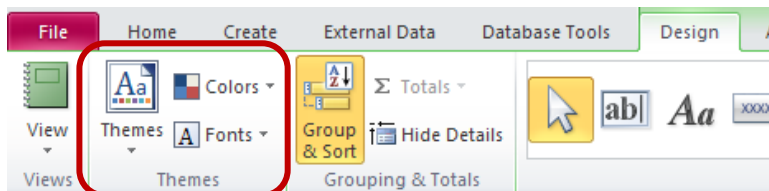
Order Details Extended					
Order ID	ID Product	Quantity	Unit Price	Discount	Status ID
Order ID	90	0	\$2.99	0.00%	No Stock
Order ID	47	50		0.00%	Allocated
Order ID	41	200		0.00%	Invoiced
Order ID	50	25		0.00%	Allocated
			\$3.50		
Order ID	28	30		0.00%	Invoiced
Order ID	31	10		0.00%	Invoiced
Order ID	46	20		0.00%	Allocated
Order ID	79	15		0.00%	Invoiced
			\$7.00		
Order ID	85	40		0.00%	Invoiced
			\$9.20		
Order ID	35	20		0.00%	Invoiced

7. To start a new page for each group, return to Design view and open the property sheet for the group. On the **Format** tab, set **Force New Page** to the desired location.

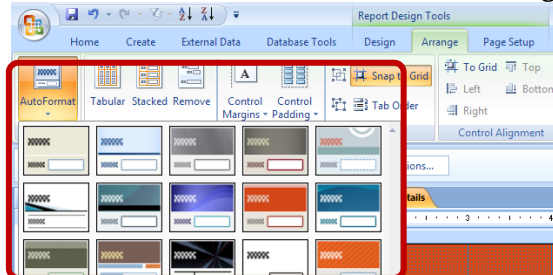


To save time, you can apply a preset format – known as an AutoFormat – to all or part of your report. You can select the size and appearance of a report's sections and controls, as well as adjust background colors, borders, and text styles.

1. Select the control and use the buttons available on the **Design** tab in the **Themes** group.



2. Use the **AutoFormat** button on the **Arrange** tab to apply a preset format.



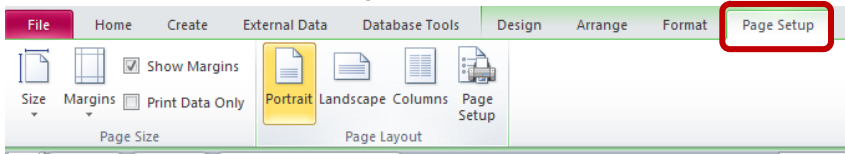
Other Notes Regarding Reports

1. There are a multitude of formatting settings that can be applied to customize reports. One particularly helpful setting is the **Can Grow** option, which allows for text wrapping.

- a. To apply the Can Grow setting, go to the **Design** tab of the **Properties** sheet for the desired field. Change **Can Grow** to **Yes**.

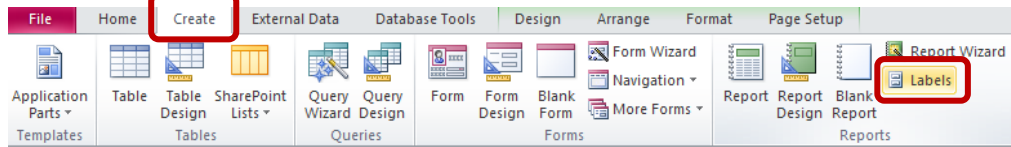


2. Oftentimes, the margins of the report will need adjusted. Margins can be adjusted on the **Page Setup** tab. The page orientation can also be adjusted via these utilities.



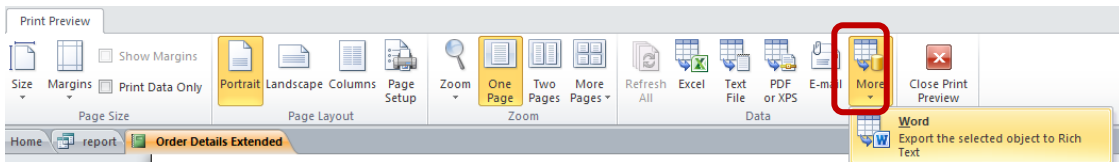
3. Mailing labels can be easily made through a Label Wizard.

- a. Open the table or query upon which to base the labels.
- b. From the **Create** tab, click **Labels**.



- c. Follow the onscreen directions.

4. Reports can be exported to Word. Click the **More** button in Print Preview to publish the report to Word.



5. Label controls can be added to reports to simulate 'form letters', where the basics of the letter are standard but the details change.

