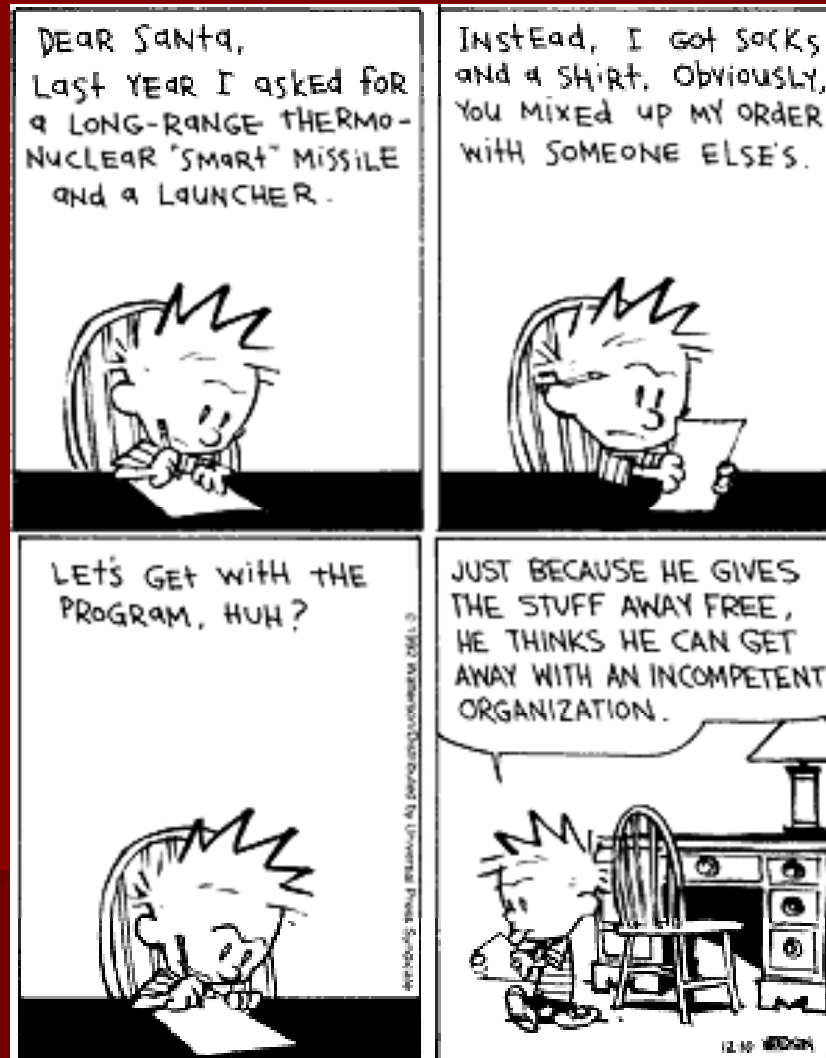
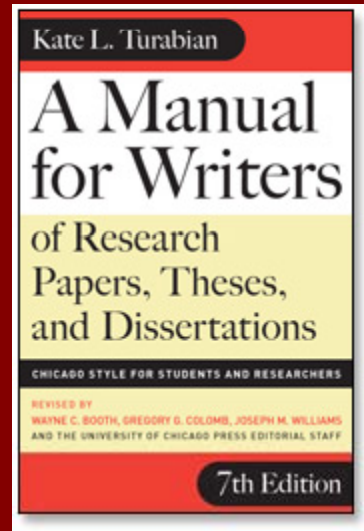


Welcome!



Turabian Citation Style



Presented by the Center for
Teaching and Learning
University of Illinois at Springfield

What is the Turabian style?

- The Turabian (Chicago) citation style is a form of citing information in research papers, theses, and dissertations which was developed by Kate L. Turabian.
- Turabian/Chicago style is often used by students in the humanities and some social sciences – especially history, art history, and literature.

How to Format Notes and Bibliographic Entries

(taken from the University of Georgia's
Library website – Research Guides)

Book – Single Author

- Note form (first note):
 - 1. Neil Sheehan, *A Bright Shining Lie: John Paul Vann and America in Vietnam* (New York: Random House, 1988), 425.
- Bibliographic form:
 - Sheehan, Neil. *A Bright Shining Lie: John Paul Vann and America in Vietnam*. New York: Random House, 1988.

Book – Multiple Authors

- Note form (first note):
 - 2. John E. Schwarz and Thomas J. Volgy, *The Forgotten American* (New York: Norton, 1992), 42.
- Bibliographic form:
 - Schwarz, John E., and Thomas J. Volgy. *The Forgotten American*. New York: Norton, 1992.

Encyclopedia Article

- Note form (first note):
 - 3. *Encyclopaedia Britannica*, 15th ed., s.v. "cold war."
- Bibliographic form:
 - **None**: "Well-known reference books are generally not listed in bibliographies" (8.112).

Newspaper Article

- Note form (first note):
 - 4. "The Wrong Issue in Bosnia," *New York Times*, 22 March 1996, sec. A, p. 26.
- Bibliographic form:
 - **None:** "News items from daily papers are rarely listed separately in a bibliography... If a newspaper is cited only once or twice, a note...is sufficient" (11.44).

Magazine Article

- Note form (first note):
 - 5. David Ansen, "Spielberg's Obsession," *Newsweek*, 20 December 1993, 112.
- Bibliographic form:
 - Ansen, David. "Spielberg's Obsession." *Newsweek*, 20 December 1993, 112-116.

Journal Article

- Note form (first note):
 - 6. Christopher Policano, "Dueling Colas," *Public Relations Journal* 41, no. 11 (1985): 16.
- Bibliographic form:
 - Policano, Christopher. "Dueling Colas." *Public Relations Journal* 41, no. 11 (1985): 16-17.

Article from Online Database

- Note form (first note):

- 7. Patrick O'Driscoll, "Baggage Conveyor Takes Suitcase Taste Test," *Denver Post*, 20 February 1994, B3, in *LEXIS/NEXIS* [database on-line], NEWS library, DPOST file; accessed May 13, 1996.

- Bibliographic form:

- **None:** "News items from daily papers are rarely listed separately in a bibliography... If a newspaper is cited only once or twice, a note...is sufficient" (11.44).

Article from Online Database-2

■ Note form (first note):

- 8. John R. McRae, "Buddhism," *Journal of Asian Studies* 54, no. 2 (1995), in *Periodical Abstracts Research* [database on-line], UMI-Proquest, GALILEO; accessed May 13, 1996.

■ Bibliographic note:

- McRae, John R. "Buddhism." *Journal of Asian Studies* 54, no. 2 (1995): 354-371. *Periodical Abstracts Research*. Database on-line. UMI-Proquest, GALILEO; accessed May 13, 1996.

Document from CD-ROM

- Note form (first note):
 - 9. United Parcel Service, "1994 Report to Shareowners," 31 December 1994, in *LaserD* [CD-ROM] (Bethesda, MD: Disclosure, 1995).
- Bibliographic form:
 - United Parcel Service. "1994 Report to Shareowners," 31 December 1994. *LaserD*. CD-ROM. Bethesda, MD: Disclosure, 1995

Internet/World Wide Web Site

- Note form (first note):

- 10. Federal Election Commission, "Receipts of 1996 Presidential Pre-Nomination Campaigns"; available from <http://www.fec.gov/pres96/pres1b.jpg>; Internet; accessed 13 May 1996.

- Bibliographic form:

- Federal Election Commission. "Receipts of 1996 Presidential Pre-Nomination Campaigns." Available from <http://www.fec.gov/pres96/pres1b.jpg>. Internet; accessed 13 May 1996.

What in the world is *ibid*?

- “Once a work has been cited in complete form, later references to it are shortened. For this, either short titles or the Latin abbreviation *ibid*. (for *ibidem*, “in the same place”) should be used” (8.84).

How to use *ibid*

- Use this form after the first full reference when there are no intervening references
- Use this form when there are no intervening references and the reference is to a different page in the same work
- Use this form when there are intervening references between the first full reference and this one (short titles)

2. Ibid.

3. Ibid., 68.

12. Sheehan, *Bright Shining Lie*, 425.

13. Ansen, "Spielberg's Obsession," 116.

Using Footnotes and Endnotes

- You can cite your sources using either footnotes (at the bottom of the page) or endnotes (at the end of the paper).
- Your department, instructor, or advisor may have a preference so check first.
- To best illustrate the difference, let's look at some **samples**.

Bibliography: Important Points

- Bibliography indents the lines after the first.
- Bibliography does not use raised numbers.
- Double space between entries.
- Bibliography separates the main parts of the reference with periods.
- Different from Notes: Publisher and date are not in parentheses in the bibliography.
- Different from Notes: In the bibliography list all authors of a multiple-author work.

Endnotes: Important Points

- Endnotes do not replace a bibliography.
- Footnotes AND endnotes use raised numbers.
- Indent the first line of footnotes and endnotes.
- Double space between entries.

Parenthetical Style

- The parenthetical style is generally used and preferred in the natural and social sciences (similar to MLA and APA).
- In this style, authors' names and dates of publication are given in parentheses within the text or at the end of block quotations.
- The parenthetical citation will point the reader to the reference list or bibliography at the end of the paper.

Parenthetical Style - Examples

- Parenthetical references may be placed within or at the end of the sentence.
 - One researcher (Smith 1995) investigated the effects of caffeine on children.
- When a source has no author(s), the publisher or sponsoring agency may be cited.
 - (Springfield Chamber of Commerce, 1995)
- A specific page, section, or other division of the cited work follows the publication date (omit “p” or “pp”).
 - (Smith 1995, 16)

A Note About Block Quotes

- A quotation of two or more sentences that runs to eight or more typewritten lines should be typed as a block quotation.
 - Indent the whole block quotation
 - Single space
 - Citation comes at end of block quote

Remember...

Even if you paraphrase, summarize, or just mention an author's work, you have to give a reference! Don't risk plagiarizing!

For more information, see:

- CTL Handout – Turabian Style
- Kate L. Turabian's *A Manual for Writers*, 6th edition
- <http://www.libs.uga.edu/ref/turabian.html> (University of Georgia Libraries Research Guide)
- <http://library.osu.edu/sites/guides/turabiangd.php> (Ohio State University Libraries Citation Guide)

Questions?

